FISCAL MEMORANDUM HB 2184 – SB 2143

May 14, 2007

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENTS (006672, 008576): Amendment 006672 deletes the original bill and replaces it with language which deletes T.C.A. § 39-17-1311 prohibiting weapons in public parks, playgrounds, and certain other state and local facilities. Amendment 008576 requires the appropriate governing entity providing oversight for such public facilities to post visible signage informing persons entering a facility that the carrying of handguns by individuals with a handgun carry permit is permitted.

FISCAL IMPACT OF ORIGINAL BILL:

MINIMAL

FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL WITH PROPOSED AMENDMENTS:

Increase State Expenditures – \$94,000/One-Time Decrease State Revenues – Exceeds \$25,000

Increase Local Govt. Expenditures* –
Exceeds \$278,000/One-Time
Decrease Local Govt. Revenues – Exceeds \$25,000

Assumptions applied to amendments:

- The state would be required to post at least 3,200 signs.
- Local governments would be required to post at least 9,500 signs.
- According to bids from multiple sign manufacturers, .040 gauge aluminum signs, with 18" X 24" dimensions, with the required language could be obtained at a cost of approximately \$16.00 per sign. It is assumed that such signs would be suitable for approximately 75% of the required locations.
- Slightly more elaborate signs would be required in 25% of the locations at a cost of \$50 per sign.
- No sign post would be required at 50% of the locations.
- 25% of the locations would require a metal post at a cost of \$5.
- 25% of the locations would require a wooden post at a cost of \$10.
- All signs would need hardware to affix the sign to a suitable surface. It is estimated that such hardware could be obtained for \$1 per sign.

- A decrease in state revenues exceeding \$25,000 due to decreased collection of fines for offenses that would currently be illegal but would be legalized according to the provisions of this bill.
- A decrease in local government revenues exceeding \$25,000 due to decreased collection of fines for offenses that would currently be illegal but would be legalized according to the provisions of this bill.

CERTIFICATION:

This is to duly certify that the information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

James W. White, Executive Director

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^{*}Article II, Section 24 of the Tennessee Constitution provides that: no law of general application shall impose increased expenditure requirements on cities or counties unless the General Assembly shall provide that the state share in the cost.